

## VAROUH OIL, INC.

**LUBRICANTS & SPECIALTY PRODUCTS** 

#### Prepared according to 29 CFR 1900.1200

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Heat Transfer Oil Section

## 1. Identification

Product name: Heat Transfer Oil

Chemical name: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Synonyms: Not available.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: Base oil

Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC'(800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or Not classified.

mixture:

**GHS** label elements

Signal word: No signal word.

Hazard statements: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Not applicable.
Response: Not applicable.
Storage: Not applicable.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label elements: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Defatting of

the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Heated

material can cause thermal burns.

Hazards not otherwise classified: This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria for REACH, Annex XIII.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Substance

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: 64742-65-0
Product code: 100730

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Ingredient name		CAS#
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	100	64742-65-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

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Based on our knowledge of our products, there are no additional ingredients present that are classified as hazardous to health or to the environment, which require reporting in this section. As applicable, see Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Limits.

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## Section 4. First aid measures

## Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

contact lenses. If eye irritation persists, obtain medical treatment. For contact with heated product, flush immediately with plenty of cool water for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult,

give oxygen and continue monitoring by trained personnel. Get immediate medical attention if victim is unconscious. Seek medical attention if cough or other symptoms

develop.

Skin contact:

Ingestion:

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. For contact with heated product,

flush immediately with plenty of cool water for at least 15 minutes.

If large amounts are swallowed, contact a physician or Poison Control Center. Never

give anything by mouth to an intoxicated, unconscious or convulsing person. Get medical attention immediately. Most important

symptoms/effects. acute and delayed

Eye contact: Repeated exposure may cause slight irritation to the eyes. May cause tearing, burning

sensation and redness. Contact with product at elevated temperatures may result in

thermal burns.

Inhalation: Vapors and/or mists which may be formed at elevated temperatures may be irritating

to eyes, nose, throat, upper respiratory tract and lungs.

Skin contact: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness, irritation and defatting of the skin. Contact

with product at elevated temperatures may result in thermal burns.

Ingestion: Gastrointestinal tract irritation with possible nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

See toxicological information (Section 11).

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact physician or Poison Control Center immediately if ingested or if large quantities

have been inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of medical responders: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. See Section 8 for additional

information on protection measures. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Prepared according

Suitable extinguishing media: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), regular foam, dry' chemical or carbon dioxide.

> Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be

avoided as water destroys the foam.

may include the following materials:

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not direct solid streams into the hot burning liquid.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical: Hazardous

thermal decomposition

products: Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Special protective equipment for

firefighters:

Use water spray or fog to cool exposed containers. Closed containers of this material

may explode when subjected to heat from surrounding fire. Decomposition products

carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other asphyxiants.

Fight fire from a safe distance and protected location. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Wear structural firefighting gear. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus

pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: Remove ignition sources. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not attempt to take action

without suitable protective equipment. See Section 8 for additional information on

protection measures.

For emergency responders: Remove ignition sources. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not attempt to take action

without suitable protective equipment. See Section 8 for additional information on

protection measures.

**Environmental precautions:** Do not allow spilled material to runoff and contact soil, waterways, drains and

sewers.

Methods and materials used for containment and clean-up

Small spill: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as

> sawdust. Use appropriate personal protective equipment as stated in Section 8. Advise the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and appropriate state agencies, if required. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a disposal container. Dispose of via

a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if possible without risk. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry of

Large spill: release material into sewers, waterways, basements or confined areas. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Use appropriate personal protective equipment as stated in Section 8. Advise the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and appropriate state agencies, if required. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate

ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. High pressure skin injection is a medical

emergency. The injury will not appear serious at first but within a few hours, the affected tissue will appear swollen, discolored and extremely painful. Follow all SDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may contain product residue.

Advice on general hygiene practices:

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment prior to entering eating areas.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Flash point is greater than 200° F (93.3°C). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure Limits
Oil mist, mineral	OSHA PEL TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	ACGIH TLV TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013) TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

Appropriate engineering controls:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety glasses with side shields or splash proof chemical goggles are recommended to protect against the splash of product.

<u>Personal Protective Measures</u> Personal hygiene measures:

Eye and face protection:

Skin protection Hand protection:

Other body protection:

## Respiratory protection:

Use with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary when handling or using this product to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Protective gloves are recommended to protect against contact with product. The gloves listed may provide protection against permeation: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), and Viton@. Gloves of other chemically resistant materials may not provide adequate protection.

Where splashing is possible, fully chemical resistant protective clothing (e.g. acid suit) and boots are recommended. Wear insulated impervious protective gear to protect against the splash of product. The following materials are acceptable for use as protective clothing: neoprene, nitrile, and Viton@. Wear appropriate footwear. Concentration in air determines the level of respiratory protection needed. Use only NIOSH certified respiratory equipment. Respiratory protection is not usually needed unless product is heated or misted. Half-mask air purifying respirator with dust/mist filters or HEPA filter cartridges is acceptable for exposures to ten (10) times the exposure limit. Full-face air purifying respirator with dust/mist filters or HEPA filter cartridges is acceptable for exposures to fifty (50) times the exposure limit. Protection by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure-demand full-face supplied air respirator or SCBA for exposures greater than fifty (50) times the exposure limit. If exposure is above the IDLH (Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health) or there is the possibility of an uncontrolled release, or exposure levels are unknown, then use a positive pressure demand full-face

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supplied air respirator with escape bottle or SCBA. Wear a NIOSH

approved (or equivalent) full-face-piece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical

## properties

Appearance

Physical state: Liquid
Color: Light amber
Odor: Slight

Odor threshold: Not available.

pH: Decomposition temperature:

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Melting point: Viscosity: Viscosity:

Boiling point:

Flash point: Molecular weight: Evaporation rate: Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas): Pour point [ASTM D5950]: -12t

Lower and upper explosive Vapor (IO°F) 305 to 594°C (581 to 1021°F) pressure: [ASTM D28871 open

cup [ASTM

Vapor density: D92]: 226t (439<sub>0</sub> F) Not available.

Specific gravity: Not available.

Solubility: Partition Not available. < 0.000013 kPa 0.0001 coefficient: n- mm Hg) (680

F)] Not available. octanol/water: 0.87 [16°C (60°F)] [ASTM D1298]

Auto-ignition temperature: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

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2 to 26 Kinematic [40°C (104°F)]: 58 mm²/s (58 cst) [ASTM D445]

 $371^{\circ}$ c ( $700^{\circ}$ F) [ASTM Kinematic [ $100^{\circ}$ C ( $212^{\circ}$  F)I: 7.7 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (7.7 cst) [ASTM D445] Not available. Kinematic ( $100^{\circ}$  F): 302 SUS [ASTM D21611

456 g/mole [ASTM D25021

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and

other asphyxiants. Section 11. Toxicological information

Likely Routes of Exposure: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Repeated exposure may cause slight irritation to the eyes. May cause tearing, burning

sensation, and redness. Contact with product at elevated temperatures may result in

thermal burns.

Inhalation: Vapors and/or mists which may be formed at elevated temperatures may be irritating

to eyes, nose, throat, upper respiratory tract and lungs.

Skin contact: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness, irritation and defatting of the skin. Contact

with product at elevated temperatures may result in thermal burns.

Ingestion: Gastrointestinal tract irritation with possible nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Information on toxicological effects

Basis for Assessment: Product has not been tested. Information given is based on data on individual components or similar materials in acute oral, dermal and inhalation studies.

Acute Toxicity: Not classified as acutely toxic.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Acute Inhalation Toxicity: Rat, LC50>5.53 mg/l, 4 hours
Acute Dermal Toxicity: Rabbit, LD50>2000 mg/kg Acute Oral Toxicity:

Rat, LD50>5000 mg/kg

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Skin corrosion/irritation: Eye
Non-irritating to the skin. Heated material can cause thermal burns.
irritation:
Non-irritating to the eyes. Heated material can cause thermal burns.

Skin sensitization: No evidence of skin sensitization.

Respiratory sensitization: No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not considered to be a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity: The mineral oil(s) in the product contain < 3% DMSO extract (IP 346). Not considered to

be carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity: Not considered to be toxic to the reproductive system.

Teratogenicity: Not considered to be teratogenic.

Aspiration hazard: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity (single

Acute exposure studies show no evidence of systematic toxicity.

exposure):

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Specific target organ toxicity Repeat dose toxicity data shows no evidence of target organ toxicity. (repeated exposure):

## Section 12. Ecological information

Basis for Assessment: Product has not been tested. Information given is based on data on individual components or similar materials.

Samples of similar paraffinic oils have been tested in fish, invertebrates and algae.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Acute EC50 > 100 mg/l, Algae, 72 hours Acute EC50 > 100 mg/l, Daphnia, 48 hours Acute LC50 > 100 mg/l, Fish, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability: Not readily biodegradable. Considered to be inherently biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential: Constituents of other lubricant base oils show measured or predicted values for log Kow

from 2 to 2 6 and are considered potentially bioaccumulative.

Mobility in soil: Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Section 13. Disposal

### considerations

Disposal methods: Follow federal, state and local regulations. This material is not a RCRA hazardous waste, if not contaminated.

If material has been "used", RCRA criteria (ignitability, reactivity, corrosivity and toxicity)

must be determined.
The generation of was

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers may retain some product residue. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,

drains, and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulate
UN proper shipping name						
Transport hazard class(es)						
Packing group						
Environmental hazards	No	No	No	No	No	No
Additional information						

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure.

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### U.S. Federal regulations

United States Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory.

TSCA Exempt

(R&D, LVE, Polymer Exemption, Not

Other) applicable.

TSCA Section 4 Not

applicable.

TSCA Section 5 Not

applicable.

TSCA Section 5a 2 Not

TSCA Section 6 applicable.

Not

applicable.

TSCA Section 121b] Not

applicable.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

EPCRA (SARA) Title III Section 313 This product does not contain any chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis Toxic Chemical Release Inventory concentration that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313.

(TRI)

EPCRA (SARA) Title III Section 302 This product does not contain any chemicals listed under Section 302.

**Extremely Hazardous Substances Reporting Quantities** 

EPCRA (SARA) Title III Section 311 Immediate (acute) health hazard Yes
Hazardous Classes Delayed (chronic) health hazard No

Fire Hazard No

Sudden release of pressure hazard No

Reactive Hazard No

## Other Federal regulations

Chemical Facility Anti-terrorism Standards (6 CFR 27), Appendix A, Chemicals of Interest: Not listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act) 40 CFR 302.4: Not regulated.

RCRA (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act) 40 CFR Part 261: Not listed as RCRA hazardous waste as shipped.

<u>State regulations</u> <u>International regulations</u> International lists

Illinois Australia Inventory (AICS)

Louisiana Canadian Domestic Substance List

Massachusetts (DSL)

Michigan Canadian Non-domestic Substances

Minnesota List (NDSL)

New York

New Jersey

Pennsylvania

Outside Text Services China inventory (IECSC)

European EINECS Inventory

European ELINCS Inventory

Japan Existing & New Chemical

California Proposition 65
Substances (ENCS)

Korea Existing Chemical Inventory (KECI)
Korea Toxic Chemicals Control Law

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register) i I Mist, Mineral). This material is not listed. New Zealand Listed as 8012-95-1: (Oil Mist, Mineral). Inventory of

Chemicals This material is not listed.

(NZ10C) This material is listed as Mineral Oil (highly refined).

This material is listed as Mineral Oil Mist. Philippines Inventory (PICCS)

This material does not contain any chemicals which are known to the State of California Taiwan Inventory (CSNN) to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger Turkey Inventory and Control of the warning requirements of California Proposition 65. For more information go to Chemicals (CICR) This www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. material is not listed.

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## Section 16. Other information

Hazard Ratings:

Key: O = least; 1 = slight; 2 = moderate; 3 = high; 4 = extreme

HMIS Rating: NFPA 5/23/2017

Rating: 4

Date of issue/Date of revision: Date of ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate previous issue: BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Version:

Chemicals Key to abbreviations:

IATA = International Air Transport Association Health =1; Fire = 1; Reactivity IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogKow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient Health =1; Fire = 1; Reactivity =

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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UN = United Nations vPvB = Very Persistent and very

Bioaccumulative

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